

Monroe's Motivated Sequence MMS

- An 80% solution for Most situations
- A Pattern (not a formula) that is improved by Strong Evidence, Rational Argument/s
- Based upon Research about the Human Condition

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- Monroe's Motivated Sequence
 - Background
 - 5-Step Method
 - Applications
 - Advocacy
 - Rebuttals
 - Written Opinion Editorials

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- Background
 - Alan H. Monroe
 - Principles and Types of Speech Communication* (1935)
 - Purdue University – 1924 through 1963 *
 - Research-based approach
 - An understanding of the human condition
 - Behaviors
 - Attitudes
 - Beliefs
 - Values

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- Method
 - 5-Steps
 - Attention
 - Need
 - Satisfaction
 - Visualization
 - Action

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- Method
 - Task 1: Grab (and hold) Attention
 - Share a startling fact or statistic
 - Use language to describe images – vividly
 - Tell a compelling story
 - Establish a relationship
 - As a truth-teller
 - As an advocate

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- Method
 - Task 2: Establish the Need
 - Most “needs” are not self-evident
 - Constructed through choices of language
 - Need = is something that MUST be remedied
 - Explain the need in context
 - Discuss the impact of continued inaction
 - Discuss the differences between need and “want”

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- Method
 - Task 3: Satisfy the need
 - Explain how your proposal satisfies the need
 - Appeal to rationality
 - “Stock Issues” analysis
 - Fulfill the “burdens” of the circumstance
 - Explain how (and why) your proposal is best alternative
 - Advantages
 - Disadvantages
 - Net Gains

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- Method
 - Task 4: Visualize progress
 - Showcase the potential realities
 - Illustrate how the world COULD be
 - Empower your audience to temporarily suspend disbelief
 - Invest your audience in aspirational possibilities
 - Appeal to all the senses
 - Describe how an alternative future
 - Feels
 - Looks
 - Smells
 - Sounds
 - Tastes

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- Method
 - Task 5: A Call to arms – Action Now
 - Mobilize your audience to action
 - Explain ordered steps for progress
 - Provide a clear “path” for your audience to follow
 - Share how the steps relate, and what “success” means
 - Give each, every audience member something
 - To believe
 - To do
 - To share
 - To think

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- Applications
 - Monroe's Motivated Sequence is a tool
 - For persuasion
 - Speaking
 - Writing
 - For analysis
 - Knowing what is, and is not, shared by an advocate
 - Listening skills
 - Personal choices
 - Public decision-making

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- Summary
 - Monroe's Motivated Sequence
 - A research-based approach to persuasion
 - Applicable to most circumstances
 - Links reality to aspirations
 - Provides audience with concrete steps for action
 - Assumes adherence to ethical cannons